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A
SERMON

Preach'd to the
SOCIETIES
FOR
Reformation of Manners,


In the CITIES of
London and Westminster.

July the 2d, 1705.

By B. GRAVENER.

Publish'd at their Request.

The Second Edition.

L O N D O N,
Printed for John Lawrence at the Sign
of the *Angel* in the Poultry, 1705.

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SERMON

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Reformation of Manners

OF



London

July the 21. 1707.

By A. GREENE A. M.

Printed at the Press of

the second Edition.

L O N D O N.

Printed for John A. Kew at the Sign
of the Angel in the Strand. 1707.

(5)

SERMON

Preach'd at

Salter's-Hall,

IN

LONDON:

July the 22^d 1705.

Prov. XI. 11.

*By the Blessing of the Upright a City is
Exalted: But 'tis Overthrown by the
Mouth of the Wicked,*

THESE Words may ferye as a
General Inscription to your whole
Design; a Design, that intitles
you to the Honour of having God at the

A 3

Head

Head of your Society. For 'tis under Him you Act, and for Him you Rise up ~~against Evil-doers, and Stand up against the Workers of Iniquity.~~ A Design, for which Magistracy was ordain'd, Rom. xiii. 4, 5. and into which the Supreme Authority of this Nation, both in the Former and Present Reign, has enter'd with so much Concern and Zeal, express'd in several Acts of Parliament, Addresses, and Proclamations, against Immorality and Profaneness, and in other Royal Intimations of Approbation, Countenance and Favour, *to these Societies*; that as there never was so Happy a Conjunction before, so the neglect of *This* may draw upon us the Judgment of never being Try'd or Bless'd with another.

An Attempt, which the Ministers of the Gospel; more especially, are devoted to promote; for one end of the Grace, which they are Preachers of, is to Teach Men to live Soberly and Righteously; which does not therefore cease to be a Part of their Business and Success, for its being a less valuable Part than that other Attainment of *living Godly*.

Godly in this present World. We aim indeed at transforming the Nature, and to turn the Wolf into a Lamb: But if they will resist the Charm, *and hate to be Reform'd*, publick Convenience calls for their being Chain'd up and Restrain'd. If we can't prevail with them to Save Themselves, they may be hinder'd from Destroying Others. It's fit to have a Madman's Hands tyed, tho' that falls short of a Restoration. The Magistrate is the Guardian of the Publick Peace and Welfare; and for as much as Publick Ruine *must* be the Effect of General Debauchery, His Laws are to prevent the Spreading of that Infection, which Our Gospel has not Cur'd, that so Sin and Misery may not be Epidemical; that Those who are Resolv'd to be Undone, may be so in as little Company as possible, and may Perish alone, and not Draw after them the *Overthrow of the City.*

AND 'twould be with a very ill Grace, that *We* could abandon you in this Conflict. Wherein the Divine Assistance, Spirit, and Blessing, and the united Prayers of Assembled Christians are so

Necessary, That no Pretence ought to be heard against the Importance of Setting out with God from time to time, of taking Measures, Directions, and Encouragement from Him; Enquiring at His Oracles, and by fetching new Fire from the Altar, Inflaming your Zeal, that when it begins to rebate and cool, it may be quickned *according to his Word, Ps. cxix. 25.* For us, I say, not to wish you Good Speed, and Bless you in the Name of the Lord, would be as Unaccountable to our *Institution and Office*, as it would ha' been Traiterously Unkind to *Israel*, had *Aaron* on the one Side, or *Hur* on the other, refus'd the Help of Holding up *Moses's Hands*, when they knew, that if the Hand was not *lifted up* to Heaven, *Amalek* would certainly *Prevail*.

THIS Consideration struck all my Objections dumb, and They were not a few I could have rais'd against my Coming upon this Service at this Time. Arising so far from any Indifference to the Cause, that 'twas an hearty Zeal for it that would have still inclin'd me to refer it to some other Hand. But,

as

as in our Duty to God, our Encouragement is, that Where Ability fails, it is *accepted if there be first a Willing Mind*; so when I discern'd in you the Candour of Accepting an honest Endeavour, I resolv'd not to decline it, tho' I could little more than Demonstrate the Compleatness of what Others have done, or *stir up your pure Minds by way of Remembrance*: The Remembrance of what you have had in Substance often Demonstrated to you, That *by the Blessing of the Upright the City is Exalted, but 'tis Overthrown by the Mouth of the Wicked.*

THIS Book of Proverbs is an incomparable Treasury of Wisdom and Morals; and tho' 'tis not deliver'd in Form of a System, is yet a most Compleat *Directory* of Management and Conduct, Humane and Divine, Temporal and Spiritual, Political, Family, and Personal.

THAT Connexion and Coherence that's observ'd in other Parts of Scripture, is rarely to be found here; nor is it indeed needful, where the Design is a Miscellaneous Collection; yet my
Text

Text seems to have a Dependence upon its immediate foregoing Context, *V. 10.* *When it goeth well with the Righteous, a City Rejoiceth; but when the Wicked perish, there is Shouting, (i. e.)* When Good Men are Countenanced and Encouraged, Distinguished and Promoted, the whole *City Rejoiceth* in the Expectation of the Equity, Justice, and all the Blessed Fruits of their Righteous Administration. But the Promotion of Evil Men, is but empowering them to be, what they always would be; but for Legal Restraints, *viz. a Protection to Evil-doers, and a Terror to them that do well;* and the Miseries following upon that Inversion of things, accounts for the Harshness of what follows, *that when the Wicked Perish there is Shouting:* Because of the Just Judgment of God upon *Them*, who have been Instruments of so much Mischief; because of the Deliverance from the Grievance and Burden of *Powerful Wickedness:* As when *Nero* died, the People of *Rome* broke out into excessive Joy, and Congratulated each other, as upon Deliverance from a Wasting Plague, or Devouring

vorring Monster : And then a third Reason is given in my Text, Because by *the Blessing of the Upright a City is Exalted, but 'tis Overthrown by the Mouth of the Wicked.*

THE Opposition in the Text is Exactly the same with *That* in the World, between the two great Parties of the *Upright* and the *Wicked*. And as the Words are a Summary Account of your Present Design, so they do in short forewarn us, into what the Controversie will infallibly issue on either Side, viz. the *Exaltation* or *Overthrow* of the City : The *Exalting* this City to a Nobler pitch of Order, Regularity, and consequently of Grandeur, than ever it has yet attain'd : Or its entire *Overthrow*, in its Laws, Constitution, Peace, Order, and Prosperity ; not only as the Judicial Consequence of a Divine Blast and Curse from a Provoked God, but as the Natural Effect of Growing Profaneness, and Unrestrained Lust and Appetite, and a *Communion* at Plain and Uncontested Impiety ; *Which*, next to the Practice of it, is the worst thing that can be charged upon a Community,

and

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and is to all Ruining and Destructive Purposes, much the same as if *Iniquity were Establish'd by a Law*. And this I take to be the Substance and Meaning of the Text, which may be shortned into this Observation, as the Ground of what follows.

OBS. *The Attempt for Reformation, is a Struggle between the two great Parties of Upright and Wicked, carry'd on by the Blessing of the One against the Profane Mouth of the Other; and according to the Respective Tendency of either Side, will Issue in the Exaltation of a City, or its Overthrow and Ruin.*

TO Answer the Observation, and the Present Occasion, we should here Consider,

I. THE Persons or Parties mention'd, Upright and Wicked; and state their Proper Character and Notion.

II. THE Consequent Necessary Opposition of the Blessing of the Righteous against the Mouth of the Wicked,

III. THE

III. *THE Opposite Influence that the Prevailing Side has upon Civil Society; EXALTATION by the Blessing of the Righteous, or OVERTHROW by the Mouth of the Wicked.*

IV. *THE Use of all, and Special Accommodation of this Truth to our present Purpose.*

I. *THE Persons or Parties mentioned Upright and Wicked.*

THE proper Notion and Character of these Persons, is a Matter of the highest Importance; and therefore the Scripture uses such Fullness and Variety of Explication, that we may not mistake the *Roll* upon which we stand. In the General, it is the same with Holy, Righteous, Good, &c. But in the Precise Notion of this Rendering *Upright*, it denotes, Toward God and Heaven, an inflexible and steady Aim, and a Mind that cannot stand Bent in Compliance to *Sin* and *this World*, but aspires to Perfection in a *Better*; and the Distinguishing Properties of Such, compose a most Lovely Character.

THEIR

THEIR Understandings are *Light in the Lord*. Their Consciences Tender, Sin is their Aversion and Fear. * And notwithstanding the too many *Blemishes* of Surprize and Infirmitie, Purity is the General Complexion of their Souls, and that which they always Endeavour to carry off safe, tho' it be thro' Wracks and Torments, and Death it self †. Their *Will* is laid at the Feet of God; their *Affections* set on things above, and on their Beloved Jesus, with an Inseparable Embrace; in them He Reigns without any allowed Rival; Faith, Love, and Duty, is their Principle, the Word is their Rule. As for this World, if given In, 'tis their Wellcome Servant; if not, as having Nothing, yet possessing All things; for God is their chosen Portion. And their Life is to do all the Good they can in this World, and make Sure

* Pl. 97. 10. You that Fear the Lord, Have Rejoiced.
 † 'Twas bravely Answer'd by a Sufferer to the Threats of his Persecutors, Look you, you may do what you please, but I must do what I ought.

So Chrysostom, in answer to the Threatning Message of Eudoxia, the Empress, Tell Her (says he) that I fear nothing but Sin.

of a better. And *this*, with a few *Abate-ments* to Frailty and Temptation, is their Character. And is it not a Lovely one? Does it not promise as much as the Text ascribes to it, *viz*, the *Exaltation* of that City where they abound? A City of these would be like the *New Jerusalem*, would Anticipate the Blessedness of the *General Assembly*, and give a Taste of the Joys of Heaven upon Earth.

NOW the Character of the Wicked is the Reverse of all this: They are *Alienated* from the Life, Law, and Nature of God, through the *Darkness* of their Minds and the *Hardness* of their Hearts. Conscience in them is an *Office* *put up*; their Will and Humour is their Lord, Custom and Inclination their Rule; their Sences the only measure of Good, and their Interest of Right and Wrong; To contradict Either of which, is with Them as great Nonsense, as to deny first Principles. For the *other World* is thrown out of their Scheme, and the *present* is their chosen Portion. And for want of Principle, They Sin on without knowing any Reason of doing
Other-

Otherwise: By this means Sin has the full Consent of their Will, and their Inclinations *stand Bent* to their Lusts, while *they say unto God, Depart from us.* Thus they Resemble in Temper, and Imitate in Practice, Their Father the Devil, *And the Works of their Father they will do.* And they that will Sacrifice their own Souls to their Sensual Gratification, will never value what *other Mischeif* they do to come at it: Tho' it should be *the Overthrow of Cities.*

II. *THE Consequent Necessary Opposition of these Upright and Wicked, Express'd here by the Blessing of the One against the Mouth of the Other.*

LIGHT and Darknes, Blessing and Cursing, Salvation and Destruction, are not more Opposite than these Characters, in their Nature, Tendency, and Influence. Sin, in its own Nature, is all Contradiction and Enmity. When there was but One Man in the World, it set him at Variance with Himself, his God, and his Happiness: And in the first Brothers we read of, it excited a Quarrel, that ended in the Murder of the

the Upright One; And for no other Reason assigned by Scripture, than *because his Brother's Works were Righteous*, 1 *Joh. xiii. 12*. So that the first Man that Died after Death came into the World, Died in This very Cause, And the Apostle's Inference from it, is the very Head I am upon, and the Use I would make, *Ver. 12. Marvel not my Brethren that the World hate You, Your Persons, your Design, and your Conduct; for from the Blood of Righteous, they* down to the Blood of that Zealous Re-forming Officer, * *Mr. Cooper*, all the Blood that has been shed on God's Side, has been flowing to this Opposition.

NOW this Opposition is carry'd on with this Remarkable Difference, That whereas the Wicked Hate the very Persons of the Righteous with a cruel Hatred, *Psal. xxi. 19.* the Righteous Enmity lies only against Their Wickedness. Our Hostility is only to Their Vices, which is indeed the truest Friendship to their Persons. We aim at the Destruction

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* A Constable Kill'd at May-Fair by the Rioters that Oppos'd the Reformers. 10V. nom bus 2BA +

of nothing but their Sins, Which will prove the Salvation of their Souls. *The Blood-thirsty Man hateth the Upright, but the Just seeketh his Soul, Prov. xxix. 10.* This is doing good to them that hate you indeed. So Christ shed his Blood to save His very Murderers, and pray'd for them at the time it was Running. So Paul with'd himself an *Anathema*, (i. e.) devoted to any Dangers, Penalties, and Deaths, for the Good even of those who had given Him three times forty Stripes save one *. So the Blessed Martyr, Sanders, when committed to Prison by Bishop Gardner, Thanked God for a Place where he might have a Little Rest, and Leisure to Pray for the Conversion of the Bishop †. So the Upright in my Text Oppose their Blessing to the Mouth of the Wicked: Their Good Words, Good Wishes, Good Actions, Prayers and Endeavours, against the Mouth, (i. e.) against their Daring Impudence, express'd here by the chief Seat of it. And against their Foul and Profane Language,

* Compare Rom. 9. 3. with 2 Cor. 11. 24. A *

† AAs and Mon. Vol. 3. p. 110.

guage, express'd by the *Instrument* of it, and by an *Hebraism*, The *Mouth* here stands for the Action, Conversation, and Distinguishing Property and Character of the Wicked. For there is no Word which the Idiom of that Language does more indulge in a Latitude of Application and Variety of Figure *

BUT to be a little Particular.

II. *THE Blessing of the Upright lies Partly in the Influence of their Excellent Example and Conversation.*

HENCE called the *Lights of the World*, *Salt of the Earth*, the *Epistles of Christ* known and read of all Men, Read and Remark'd by those who will not Read the Bible, Whose Example is a *Living Law*, a *Sermon to the Eye*, that very often enters Conviction deeper than Argument is suffered to reach, and Triumphs over those Minds that can almost *Wrangle* away the force of *Demonstration* it self. It Operates by a Mixture of Authority and Attraction, As it Commands Reverence, and Draws Esteem, and like a Perfume, Diffuses its

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* *Hec vox valde Paris Hebraismus Flac. Illyr.*

Influence so, as to gain Possession before you discern its Approach ; And thereby Insensibly Surprises, into Imitation and Acknowledgment, *Those*, who were above being Taught any other way. This is the *Blessing of the Upright* ; and would to God this *Blessing* was of Equal Extent with that *Denomination*.

THE Example and Conversation of the Wicked has a quite Opposite Influence. Their Rotten Speech * is Offensive as the Stench of an *Open Sepulchre* ; and not only so, but Destructive too. It Infects like a Plague : For as in *This* Men Breath Destruction upon one another in Salutations ; so in *That* the † Poet and the Apostle agree, that *Evil Communications corrupt good Manners*. As if the Holy Ghost had designed so needful a Caution should stand charged upon us by the Experience of Men, and Inspiration of God. So needful, May, for what can be the Effect of a Corruption of Manners, but that in the Text, *the Overthrow of the City* ?

* Σαρδεις λέγει, Eph. 4. 29.

† Menander, quoted by the Apostle, 1 Cor. 15. 33.

DO not their Oaths *make the Land mourn*, and their Imprecations *wear the Divine Patience*, and *wound our Souls*? The Omnipotence they Play withal is our Dread, and their *Damnation Slumbers not*, tho' it be Part of their Diversion.

DOES not Perjury, which is *Robbing or Murdering with the Mouth*; Dissolve the Common Bond of Civil Society, and at once Strike at the Foundation of Religion, as 'tis an Appeal to God turned into a Defiance; and of Government too, as the Conscience of an Oath is the only way of *Ending otherwise Endless Strifes*? And as 'tis impossible to take fast hold of that Person, who is loose from the Obligation of Conscience and Truth?

DOES not Flattery Undermine, Swell and Deceive, and by raising the Price of a Man to himself, lessen it to others, and thereby Sow the Seeds of Endless Discord?

HOW does Lying Destroy Common Credit, which is the Hinge upon which all Commerce and Conversation turns?

HOW does Profane and Wanton Speech Sink in upon an Unguarded Spirit, and Kindle upon a Mind that is like Tinder to the Spark? Or, to the *Solomon's* Similitude, like an *Arrow shot thro' the Liver*? Especially when tis *Feathered and Pointed* with Wit and Fancy, and all that Force, wherewith the God of this World seldom fails of Inspiring the Poet, and Discharged in a manner as shall do most Execution, as at those Places, where Lewdness is the Trade of Some, and the Sport of Others: And where the Theory and Practice of it goes hand in hand, and Relieves each Other, under the Pretence of Entertainment and Diversion. The Play-Houses, I mean, which the Wisest Part of the World have always looked upon as Batteries, Erected to help *Overthrow a City by the Mouth of the Wicked*. A Sort of Artillery that may be depended on, and seldom fails of doing Execution, and has sometimes saved the Expence and Trouble of Armies: As when a certain King of *Assyria* chose rather to Overcome the City of *Babylon*, by sending in Players and Lewd Women to Debauch it,

it, (by which means he Effectually did it, and gained his End) than to Invade it with a Powerful Army *. This our Forefathers were so sensible of, that the whole City Joined in a Petition to Queen Elizabeth, upon which they were Expelled the City, and their Houses Suppressed †. May that which was so happily begun by One Queen, be finished by Another, to whom we hope this Glory is reserv'd, of Stopping the Mouth of the Wicked, and of Triumpling over Vice and Division at Home, as well as over Her Enemies Abroad.

2. THE Blessing of their Advice, Wisdom and Counsel; Blessed is that City or Nation, for it holds in Proportion as well as that Man that walketh not in the Counsel of the Ungodly, Ps. i. 1.

THE Councils of the Wicked usually drive and are driven Headlong like those of Rehoboam's Young Men, that Grew up with Him, of adding Weight to the Yoke, Scorpions to the Whips, and making the Little Finger heavier than the Loins,

* Account of the Societies for Reformation, p. 100.

† About the Year 1580.

Loins, *I Kings* xii. 10, *11.* But we may say here as God to the Prophet, *Ezek.* xi. 2. Son of Man, these are they which devise Mischief, and give wicked Counsel in this City. *Solomon* has comprised, in One Proverb, all I need farther add upon this, *Prov.* xii. 10. Deceit is in the Heart of them that Imagine Evil, but to the Counsellors of Peace is Joy.

3. THE Blessings that for the sake of the Upright are very often Conferred upon a City, against the Judgments that are drawn down by the Wicked.

HOW often has God given His Presence and Protection, and a Lengthning out of Tranquility, for their sakes? Had there been so Small a Society for Reformation as Ten in Sodom, it had been Spared. *Pharaoh's* Family Prospered for the Sake of *Joseph*, Who, under God, was Acknowledged by all *Egypt* as the Common Saviour. So the whole Ship's Crew had Perished, but for *Paul*. And for the Sake of a few of God's People in *Corinth*, that City had the Enjoyment of the Greatest Blessing in the World continued to them. *Acts.* xviii.

10, 11. Nay, God has Honoured the Memory of a Departed Saint with Saving a City for his Sake. *Is. xxxvii. 35, I will save this City to defend it for my servant David's Sake; A Noble Monument indeed to the Memory of David, and of the Favour of God to Him, and of the Blessing of the Righteous.*

BUT on the contrary, to tell how many Judgments the Unbridled Mouth of the Wicked has brought upon a People, I must Transcribe a great Part of Sacred and Civil History, which would give such abundant Evidence of Sin and Sinners being the Achans that trouble *Israel*, as could not fail of making a due Impression, were we not fallen into those Times, wherein if the Son of Man should come, he would hardly find Faith upon the Earth.

4. THE Blessing that the Upright obtain by Prayer. Scripture speaks of the Power of Prayer in such Terms as raises a Dispute between the Faith and Modesty of a Christian. That the Effectual Fervent Prayer of the Righteous Man availeth much, They dare not but believe; and yet that They should have such

such an Interest with God, is a Privilege that nothing but Faith could ever persuade their Humility to own. *My Servant Job shall Pray for You, I will accept Him, Job xlii. 8.* How Great does that look upon Job? It's said to *Open and Shut Heaven*, to have the Power of Life and Death, *Gen. xx. 7. Jam. v. 15.* To *Stand in the Gap*, and Stop the Entrance of Vengeance at those Breaches that Sin has made, with abundance more of Expressions, Promises, and Instances, which as they Recommend and Magnify this *Blessing of the Righteous*, so they Demonstrate, what Destruction and Overthrow there is in Sin, that the Intercession of the most beloved Favorites, Men who never used to be denied, whose Prayers have been answered to a Miracle, and have sometimes Stopt the Mouths of Lions, Unlocked the Secrets of Futurity, as *Daniel's*; Saved their Families from Universal Ruines, as *Noah*; and gain'd Audience, when no body else could have been heard, as *Job*. Yet even *These Men* could not have been able to Save a People. *Ezek. xiv. Tho' Daniel, Noah,*
and

and Job, should stand before me, they should not Deliver, Son nor Daughter, but only their own Souls. From whence 'tis a Plain Observation, that the Best and most Solemn Prayers for Publick Blessings, are in vain, while no Care is taken to Suppress those Publick Enormities, which must needs Overthrow our City, because they can Overthrow even our Prayers themselves.

5. **THE** Blessing of that Publick Spirit-
edness, whereby they are led to Aim at
General Good *, which the Wicked never
scruple to Sacrifice to their own Particu-
lar Interest. I will seek thy Good, O Je-
rusalem, Ps. cxxii. 9. is the Language
of the One: Who will show Us any
Good, Ps. iv. the Selfish Cry of the O-
ther.

THIS was the Noble Character of
Nehemiah and Mordecai, that they
Sought the Good of the Land, Neh. xi. 10.

SUCH Believe they are not born for
Themselves, Esth. x. 3. but that God
has a Right to all the Glory, and the
Com-

* *Benedictione* (i.e.) *Benedictio* & *Benefactio* *Edrom.*
Mica. in Jos.

Community to all the Benefit they can possibly bring. While the Wicked Man regards not the Rights of Either, But Centers entirely in Himself, is his own Idol, and at Bottom owns no other Deity. It's Part of the Character, as well as Reason, of Those *Perilous Times*, 2 Tim. iii. 3. *That Men shall be Lovers of Themselves*, and value not what becomes of the Publick Vessel, so they may but Adorn or Furnish their own Cabin.

6. *THE Blessing of a Conscientious Endeavour to Propagate Religion and Holiness, and to Suppress and Prevent Sin.*

IT's a vast Blessing to a City, that the Upright think Themselves under the Obligation of such a Text as that, Lev. xix. 17. *Thou shalt not hate thy Brother in thine Heart: Thou shalt in any wise rebuke thy Brother, and not suffer Sin to be upon him.* And dare not put off God and Man with Cain's Evafion, *Am I my Brother's Keeper?*

THEIR Godlike Nature cannot behold the Great God Employing his Infinite Perfections for the Benefit and
Happi-

Happiness of Mankind, without Imitation and Gratitude. And besides, their being in their Baptismal Dedication Devoted to the Service of the Interest of Christ, the Holiness of their Nature, like that of God, aims at a Propagation and Diffusion of it self in the World, and like Fire, to which the Author, that New Nature, is compar'd, is for Converting every thing it can Kindle upon into its own Nature: And with St. Paul, wishes the World *were altogether such as they are, except their Infirmities*, Acts xxvi. 29.

THE Wicked, on the contrary, study to Propagate Sin, for Reasons too evident, and in Instances dolefully numerous. Number and Custom gives Countenance to Vice, and makes their own Enormities less Pointed at; for a Monster ceases to be thought so among its own Kind. 'Tis for this Reason they endeavour to make all about 'em either really or reputedly as Bad as themselves. If their Father the Devil goes about *Seeking whom he may Devour*, the Children are no less diligently employed in the same way. Ps. ix. 73. *They set their*
TUB Mouths

Mouths against Heaven, and their Tongue walketh through the Earth, in Defiance to God and Man. And as the Diligence is the same, so is the End, viz Destruction and Mischief, as would appear in the opposite Influence and Tendency of these two Characters upon Civil Society, which is the Third thing Proposed, and comes next to be Considered.

III. THE Opposite Influence these Characters and Practices have to the Exaltation or Overthrow of the City.

§. I. AS to Governors.

*BY the Blessing of Upright Governors a City is Exalted. Righteousness Inspires them with Noble and Generous Designs, for the Good of the Community over which they Preside; and by Teaching the Highest to remember there is an Higher than they, before whose Impartial Bar they must stand upon a Level with the Meanest. Deters and Aways from all Oppression, Tyranny, and abuse of Power, and impresses deeply that needful Lesson, a *Sa. xxiii. 8.* They that Rule over Men, must be just, Ruling in the fear of the Lord.*

BUT

BUT Principle and Duty does not do all here, 'tis the Inclination and Pleasure of such to be Universal Blessings, and, like Him they Represent, to do Good unto all; Accounting it their Glory to represent the Goodness, Holiness and Justice of the Almighty, as well as Majesty and Power. This makes them tender of their Subjects Welfare as of their own, and is a Security to the People, even where Laws and Constitutions are Ineffectual. In such a City no *Abims* are longing for the Neighbouring Vineyard, no *Jesababs* procuring False Witness to Swear the Owner out of Life, no Interests separate from the Publick Welfare, advanced upon its Ruins, but the People Esteem'd as the Children of the Family, and *Kings and Queens* their *Nursing-Fathers and Nursing-Mothers*.

AND as Righteousness Exalts the City, so it Establishes the Throne. Prov. xvi. 12. For nothing makes a Crown sit faster, or shine brighter, nor Majesty to look more like what it is, the Ordinance of God. This makes their Persons not only Rever'd, but Admir'd, their Memory

Memory Precious, their Future Accounts Joyful, and all Posterity to call them Blessed.

AS farther appears, if we consider,

S. II. THE Influence of it upon the People, and those Governed. As,

1. IT secures Obedience from the most lasting Principle, that of Conscience, Duty, and Integrity. Rom. xiii. 5. Not only for Fear, but for Conscience sake. And that very Conscience which no Threats can deter from Obeying God rather than Man, is thereby Security for the firmest Loyalty, and the most universal Civil Obedience, where there is no such Competition. In the case of Reformation, God's Commands and Her Majesty's are the same. So that a Man can't be Irreligious without being Disloyal. And this shows of how little Worth, and how little Lasting those Principles are like to be, from which Men Obey in Other Instances, when in This they can break through the double Sanction of Loyalty and Religion, and fly in the Face of God and the Queen at the same time. In a word, None so cheerfully Ready to Give to Caesar the things

Things that are His, in Willing Taxes, Earnest Prayers, and Hearty Service, as those, who Conscientiously regard the *doing so*, as one Instance of *rendering to God the Things that are His*.

2. *AS it Promotes Peace and Quietness among a People.*

DOES not Righteousness Cloath with Humility, and Meekness Smooth the Temper, and Qualify its Roughness? Inforce the Duties, and Infuse the Amiable Qualities of Charity, Condescension, and Forbearance? Is not that Love to our Fellow Christians, without which the Apostle concludes a Man destitute of Christianity, a Mutual Cement? Does not Contentedness in our Station, another Dictate of Righteousness, abundantly contribute to the Publick Tranquillity? Compare Self-denial, Temperance, Gentleness, with the rest of the Properties of the *Wisdom from above*; With Unruly Affections, Obstinacy, Revenge, Excess, and Lust, and what does the one naturally Promise, and the other Threaten? Are not the former the Seeds of Peace, the best Means and surest

Prefervative of Quietness ? *Righteousness and Peace Kiss each other.* And as the People are called Waters, this Smooths the Face of those Waters, which would otherwise be Boisterous. Spreads a general Harmony, mutual Endearment and Confidence ; whereas the latter does as naturally lead to *Hob's* Imaginary State of Nature, (*i. e.*) a State of War, Enmity, and Confusion, and makes Men *Lions and Tygers to one another*, II. xi. 6.

3. *AS it Promotes the Trade, and Advances the Wealth of a City.*

NOT only as it Secures the *Blessing of the Lord which makes Rich*, (a Blessing which upon Obedience God has promised to a Nation *shall enter their Basket and Store*, Deut. xxviii. 5.) But as the several Parts of Righteousness have Prosperity in their Natural Consequence. Justice, Diligence, Frugality, and Temperance, seldom fail to justify this Observation ; and whenever they seem to fail, the true Reason, I doubt not, if known to us, as it is to God, would rather confirm this Truth ; unless in some cases, wherein God for
wise

wise Ends, puts things a little beside the Common and Ordinary Track: For according to *This*, Sin and Suffering are inseparable. Does not the Covetous bury his Talents, and thereby Stagnate the Publick Blood? Does not Idleness spread a Rust over the Mind, and Clog the Vigour of the Spirit, and turn an active, useful Person, into a lump of Clay, and covers the Field with a Crop of Nettles? Does not Extravagance as Really undoe a Man, as Fire and Sword, tho' in a manner more pleasing, and by slower degrees? But instead of Demonstrating this through the whole Circle of Vices, let it be Once more observ'd to you, *That the Greatest Empires and most Flourishing Nations have Risen and Fallen with their Virtue; and their Destruction and Depravation are Dated together.*

A. THIS of Necessary Consequence Exalts the Honour of a City. For so the Exalting a Nation, as immediately Opposed to that Reproach and Disgrace which Sin is to any People, is ascribed to it, Prov. xiv. 34. But this Part of

the Subject has already pass'd through
 * Better Hands ; and therefore I shall
 drop the Prosecution of it, to make
 room for the Application.

IV. *THE Application of this Subject
 shall lie in the following Inferences.*

1. *To Oppose the Progress of Sin, to
 stop the Mouth of the Wicked, must needs
 be the proper Business of a Christian
 Magistrate.*

N A Y, it most certainly belongs to
 His Office as a *Magistrate*, if we should
 lay aside his Duty as a *Christian* : For
 to prevent Publick *Overthrow*, is a Di-
 ctate of Common Sense and Nature.
 The Heathen World, without the Il-
 lumination of Christianity, very well
 knew, that the Overthrow of Cities
 would follow a Dissoluteness of Man-
 ners, and had Recourse to this Institu-
 tion as a Remedy. So that to Promote
 a Reformation of Manners, and Encou-
 rage all that Regularly Attempt it, be-
 cause the *Overthrow* or *Exaltation* of
the City is concern'd, is the very Reason
 of

* Archbishop Tillotson's Sermon, Prov. 14. 37.
 Dr. Haley's Reformation Sermon.

of their Institution. The Publick Peace and Welfare is a Trust committed to Them, Which they Betray, and therein are false to their Oaths, Consciences, and Souls, by Slighty Neglect, or Cold Indifference here, which would be as Flagitious, as to stand by and silently look upon a Person Firing the City; for Fire is but one way of *Overthrow*, the *Mouth of the Wicked* is another. The Guilt of Connivance is the same, tho' the Ways of Destruction are different. But now to Discourage Those any ways who Endeavour to Extinguish the Flame, to Prevent our Overthrow, is a Wickedness, to which *Nero's* Singing over Burning *Rome* is no more to be compar'd, than Temporal Calamity to Eternal Destruction; and an Iniquity of that nature, that the Words are yet to be found out that can possibly describe it.

BUT When I say a *Christian* Magistrate, How much greater is the Obligation? How much more powerful the Motive, more excellent the Rule, and more noble the End, more glorious the reward, and consequently more Dili-

Sent and in Earnest should be the Endeavours of a Reformation? This must needs be Effect of a careful Regard of God's Honour and Authority, without which the Name of Christian is an Usurpation, For the Thing is a Design to Destroy the Works of the Devil, and utterly inconsistent with doing those Works, or taking pleasure in them that do them.

MAGISTRATES in this respect, are the Pillars of the Earth, Ps. Iv. 3. *I bear up the Pillars of the Earth.* But how? Ver. 2. *By Judging Uprightly.* So that when Upright Judgment is taken away, the Pillars are Removed, and the City Overthrown of course. A Righteous Magistrate knows himself appointed to this very End, *To be a Terror to Evil-doers, and a Praise to them that do well:* And it's no Question sure with any but the Criminals, whether Executing the Laws of the Land, that are the same with those of God, be doing Well, or no? A Magistrate can do a great deal with his very Eyes, to Scatter away Evil, Prov. xx. 28. Or to Discourage the Righteous: And by the Air
of

of his Countenance, can either Hearten or Deaden this Work, make it Easie or Troublesome, in all the Parts of Information and Prosecution.

THEY are the Master-Spring of the whole, according to which all the other Movements are either Brisk or Languid: It must *Die* or *Live* in their Hands, and they must be answerable for the Consequences. *They are appointed to attend continually upon this very thing, Rom. xiii. 6.* And therefore 'tis not a Business *by the by*, nor a Matter of Condescension, or Courtesie, but the Chief Reason of their Institution.

BUT if They fail us, which God forbid; If when Offenders are brought before them, they should, like *Gallio*, *Care for none of these things*; If they should drive away the Righteous with their Eyes, and encourage the Wicked in their Abominations, who need no more to make 'em Rampant, than Conivance and Impunity; If they should study to make all the Steps of Reformation, heavy, difficult, and tiresome: Our Watchmen would betray us; and they that keep the Gates, let in the Enemy.

nemy. We should look in the place of Righteousness and behold a Cry, and in the place of Justice and behold Iniquity; they would rise up for Evil-doers against God, and join with the Mouth of the Wicked to Overthrow the City: And if the Foundations be thus Destroy'd, what can the Righteous do?

2. IT's not only Inhumane and Ungodly, but it's Impolitick and Ruinous to Civil Interest, for any Government to Persecute the Upright, whose Blessing is such an Exaltation to a City, and a Preservative against its Overthrow.

COME let us Root 'em out of the Earth, says the Mouth of the Wicked. And suppose it Effected, all they Would Gain thereby, would be to Break down the Banks between them and Destruction; to Cut down the Branch upon which they Stand, and the Dismantling their own Garrison. The Covenant of Grace is a League Offensive and Defensive, into which God has entred with His People; and therefore whosoever falls upon Them, Touches the Apple of his Eye, Awakens his Jealousie, Challenges the Omnipotent Arm, and Draws
upon

upon them the Vengeance of Their Powerful Ally ; which will overtake them never the less *Sure*, because It is sometimes *Slow*.

It's certain, This way of *Overtthrowing* must always proceed from the *Mouth of the Wicked*. For the Best of Governments have all along been of the Mind, *That as nothing is more contrary to the Profession of Christian Religion, and Particularly to the Doctrine of all Protestant Churches, than Persecution for Conscience sake only ; So 'tis as Impolitick as 'tis Unchristian, as contrary to the Real Interest of the Kingdom, as 'tis to the Profession of the Christian Religion, Not only as it Provokes God to return in Judgment the Violent Dealings of Men upon their own Head ; but also, because Nothing in the World does so naturally make Places Desolate and Abandon'd, as Violence and Persecution : Whereas on the other Hand, Nothing gives such a Vigorous Complexion to the Body Politick, Nothing so much Heartens Trade, Encourages Industry, which together with Mutual Confidence, are the Spirits and Vitals of a Kingdom, as to know that*

that They are not Labouring for the Spoilers.

AND to this purpose I shall only add the Remark of an Eminent * Traveller, That notwithstanding *France* and *Italy* are Incomparably more Rich, and better Furnish'd with all the Pleasures and Conveniencies of Life, than *Switzerland*, that lies between both; yet the last is much better Peopled; and has every where, all the Marks that can be look'd for of Plenty and Wealth; while the two former are in a manner Dispeopled, and Reduced to that Misery and Poverty, that appears in all the Marks in which it can shew it self. Such is the Tendency of Living at Ease under a Gentle Government to the *Exaltation of a City*, and of Tyranny and Oppression to its *Overtthrow*. For People will Feel Right, Though in General Ideas of Government, they may Argue False.

3. THIS

* Dr. Burnet's Letters. Let. 1.

3. *THIS* Answers the Objection against the Proceedings of your Society, as being too much ado about Small Matters.

AND what Hurt does it do me, says one, that Another is Drunk, or Swears, or Breaks the Sabbath? I doubt not but they that Talk thus, are of the same Mind with Pope *Julius* the Third, Who thought an Apple a Small matter that God should be so Angry with *Adam* for; as if the Sin were to be measured by the Value of the Matter, rather than the Malignity of Spirit, the Authority Affronted, or the Judicial and Natural Consequences of the Disobedience.

BUT is it a small thing to have the Laws of God and Man to be made a Jest of by Offenders, or a Dead Letter by Neglect of Execution? And by a Course of Provocation Publicly indulged, to have it become Publick Guilt, and charged to a Common Account? And so at length to have God's Name concerned to Ruine us, in Vindication of its own Honour, upon Tolerated Blasphemy and Swearing? To have

have the Religion of *serious Oaths* Perish entirely through an *Accustomedness* to Those that are *Profane*? To have the Lord's Day observed only as a *Festival to the Devil*, a *Dedication to Vanity, Idleness, or Mammon*? To have *Luxury, Idleness and Intemperance*, stock the Nation with *Beggars, Thievery and Fraud*, and Men suffered to proceed from one Degree of *Wickedness* to another, till those who have been let alone to fly in the Face of God, will know no Reason of sparing to fly in yours? For Sin is an *Endless Circle* of *Mischiefs* Here, as it will be of *Punishment* Hereafter.

4. *THIS* shows who ought to be accounted the *Best Friends* to a *City or Nation*; *The Upright, whose Blessing Exalts a City or Nation*; *Or the Wicked, whose Profane Mouth, whether they think it or no, tends to its Overthrow.*

THOSE who will *Sacrifice* the *Publick* to their *Private Satisfaction*, or those who *Prefer Jerusalem* to their *Chief Joy*: Those who are for setting us one against another by their *Heats*, and God against us all by Their *Sin*;
or

or those who are for *Following Peace with all Men and Holiness*: Those who Mourn for the Sins of the Land, and continually Pray to God to Divert Impending Judgments; or those who Provoke the Wrath of God, and seem to Challenge Him by their Imprecations to do His Worst: And rather than Cross a Lust, or Deny a Paltry Appetite, will Sink a Navy, Betray an Army, and *Overthrow a Government*. For such is the tendency of their Provocation.

I T's true, Some very Ill Men may upon Political Principles, be Friends to a Particular Constitution of Government: But a Wicked Man, by his Provoking Practice, Helps to Frustrate his best Designs, and to Overthrow that with his Mouth which he is for Establishing in his Judgment. For the Purpose, Those that Swear and Drink for a Cause, do thereby Blast and Ruin the Interest they Espouse. He that Hates Reformation in Himself and Others, is so far a Dangerous Enemy to the Kingdom, if there be any Truth in that Text, Ps. cvii. 34. *A Fruitful Land is turned into Barrenness for the Wickedness of them that Dwell therein*, any Political Security notwithstanding. 5. THE

5. THE Upright will make Conscience of Contributing their Blessing toward this Exaltation of the City, and Preventing its Overthrow by the Mouth of the Wicked.

YOU can't be Indifferent in this Matter : You cannot be Neuter in this Warfare. You Must choose your Side : God Calls you to it, saying, *Who is on my Side who ?* Exod. xxxii. 20. Psalm lxxxiv. 16.

YOU say, You Wish well to the Reformation, and Desire and Pray for its Success. You do Well. And if you can do no more, it will be *Accepted according to what a Man Hath, and not according to what a Man Hath not.* But if it be in the Power of thine Hands to do more than Wish and Pray, Don't think that God Bless the Reformation will be reckon'd as the Blessing of the Upright in my Text ; no more than *Be ye Fed, and be ye Cloathed,* will Pass for Charity from an Able Person : Or *Lord have Mercy upon us* at a Dying Hour, Waft an Impenitent Soul sheer out of all Danger. *Be not Deceived,* says the Apostle, *as a Man Sows, so shall*

shall he Reap : If a Man Sows nothing but Words, what can he Reap but Wind?

WELL, but you do Pray Heartily for the Progress of the Reformation. Let me Ask you, Can I Pray Heartily for *What* I am not Heartily Concern'd for? And, Can I be Heartily Concern'd for *That* I will be at no Cost upon, But think too dearly Promoted at the Expence of a Trifle, which I can so easily Bear, as indeed not easily to *Miss*? Suppose you had a Friend taken Prisoner by the French, and you should both in Letters to Him, and Converse with Others, Express, upon all Occasions, a mighty Sorrow and Concern, and yet would not part with a Penny, nor the least assignable Quota towards his Ransom; Would not every Body suspect the Sincerity of your Concern? I apply it by this Practical Rule, That nothing so much Demonstrates the Sincerity of our Prayers, as the Contributing all we can towards the Obtaining what we Petition for.

I T's certain, that Laws, tho' never so good, can't Execute themselves. All the most Positive Enacting Clauses, and the utmost Show and Pomp of Authority in Parchment only, can't make Statutes, like Engines, Play of Their own accord.

I T's also certain, that good Words won't bear the *Charges of Prosecutions*. The *Reformation* will have but few *Advocates* if it must be left to Plead in *Forma Pauperis*.

B U T farther, I am so possess'd of the Truth of what I have said upon these Words, that I now Add, The *Reformation* is a Design, that if well follow'd, will, I am Perswaded, lessen your other Publick Charges more and more ; Till we should have no Payments to make in comparison, but those of Praise to God, Thanks to our Queen and Government, and Gratitude to the Worthy Patriots of these Societies, whose Memories will be Embalmed in Perpetual Honour. Whereas if this Cause be Starv'd, through the Covetousness of its Pretended Friends, and the *Mouth of the Wicked should Prevail against the Blessing*

Blessing of the Righteous ; It may be said over our Ruins, that *We Destroyed our Selves on purpose to save Charges.*

6. Y O U see what is likely to be the Effects of giving over this Design, and fainting in it.

B U T that is so Threatning, so Dreadful a Thought, that I hardly dare allow my self to make the Supposition. You have been Laying the Foundation of a Reformed World, and have Carry'd the Design on to some Height ; and not only most Parts of the Kingdom, but many Nations, Kindled by your Zeal, and Formed by your Model, have gone on so Vigorously, as to become an Example even to their Originals. Oh ! Let not all this at last become a Babel, for God's sake, Through any Confusion of Languages, or want of Materials : But let its Top Reach unto Heaven ; that is, may there never be an End of your Societies, till there shall be no farther need of Them ; till that Definitive Sentence is gone forth, that *He that is Filthy shall be Filthy still, and He that is Holy shall be so still.*

-ingis

D THINK

THINK what will become of us, if you should suffer your selves to be Broken and born Down. For if while you Oppose your whole Force, and United Strength, Back'd with the Authority of the Nation, it's as much as you can do to make an Honourable Stand, Unless a Fresh Spirit Redouble your Vigour, and Enable you to bear up against the Impetuous Stream ; If the Wicked *Achans*, and Troublers of our *Israel*, can find Money, Friends, and Advocates, to Entangle your Prosecutions, and by encreasing the Charges, render the Law it self a Terrour Even to them that do well ; If those Laws that Fence about our Property, and Guard our Peace, are now so often violated ; If Religion is now Insulted, and its Name a Jest ; If Dissoluteness and Debauchery does even now Face the Sun, and sometimes Brave both Heaven and You at the same time ; Lord God of Heaven ! What would it be, if there were none to Call for Justice ? If there were none to make the Laws *Heard* and *Felt*, by that due *Execution*, which is their only

Signi-

Significancy. The Devil would Return upon us *with seven Spirits worse than the Former.* All future Attempts for a Reforming Society would be Laught out of Countenance, by the Example of your Defeat : And the wide Desolation of an Overflowing Flood, that had been a long time Swelling upon its Dam, and at length born down all before it, would be but a *Faint Resemblance* of the Terrours of this Deluge of Iniquity that would come in upon us, which we Tremble to Think of, and Find Impossible to Express.

AND therefore, Let none of You *so much as seem to fall off*, or to desert so Important a Cause. For some who don't think Themselves Deserters, nor would be thought so by Others, do yet *Seem to be so*, and *that* has a Tendency to make Others really so. Deal not, *I beseech you, and your Brethren of the Society particularly beseech you*, Not to Deal with Christ's Interest as his Disciples did by his Person, *who Forsook him and Fled* ; Except a few, and those that were nearest him *Fell asleep*, and so let

the Reformation shift for it self. Nothing is so Discouraging and Weakning, nothing Leans so much toward a Fatal Dissolution, as not Keeping Close to Each Other. Observing the Times of Meeting, and keeping up that Heart that's Given by Mutual Presence, Joint Council and Assistance. Let not the Burden lie upon a few, which would be easie when shared among a great many. You have no need to Discourage one another. You have enough of that from Abroad. *Having set your Hand to the Plow, therefore do not look back:* For there are as *many more Reasons* why you should go on now, than there were for you ever to have *begun*; as the *Mischiefs* following a Retreat would be *more and greater* than those that first awaken'd your Zeal, and brought you into the Field. In all the Wars of the *Romans*, none wore so Infamous a Brand as Those that turned their Backs: They were always Mark'd with Infamy, as Flying from the Glory of Victory, or the Honour of a Valiant Death. And therefore those Soldiers that Turn'd
their

their Backs at the Defeat at *Cannæ*,
 * by *Hannibal*, were by the Decree of
 the Senate, made Incapable of *Wearing*
a Crown or Garland for ever after. And
 could hardly obtain of *Marcellus* so
 much as to be called *Soldiers*. In this
 case the *Roman* and the *Christian War-*
fare agree; He that does not Fight
Through, shall never be Crown'd; and
 he that Turns his Back, shall not be
 own'd for a Soldier: For if any Man
draw back, my Soul shall have no Pleasure
in him, Heb. x. 38.

HERE I might mention the *Ex-*
cuses, &c. But I'll rather suppose they
 will never be mentioned more. For,
 Pray Gentlemen, may not Those that
 stick close to the Cause, alledge the
 same things? Have they no *Business*;
 or are they Dead to all *Pleasures*; or
 could they not find Something to do
 more Profitable to themselves, than to
 attend an *Affair*, which to the Glory
 of the Undertaking, is not a Penny in
 their

* Plut. in Vit. Marcelli.

their way? Besides, if *Self-denial* be an Inseparable Property of a Christian, I am sure there can't be a more noble Occasion. The Combinations of Wicked Men against you, don't use to *fail each other*: No, they are United close, like *the Scales of the Leviathan*; and *they laugh at the Sword and the Spear*. The Enemies of Religion are at Unity In that Enmity: *Have one Mind*, Rev. xviii. 3. *And Consent together with one Consent*, Psalm lxxxiii. 5. And that makes your Union and Joint Endeavours the more needful; Otherwise you Attack a *Close and Embattled Enemy*, in *Distance and Disorder*: And need I tell you the Effects of that?

TO Conclude: As your Erection into a Society, and Actings upon it, was the Happiest Omen to the Nation, next to that Revolution that gave you *your Establishment*, and restored the *Nations*; So your Disbanding and Giving over, would be the most *Threatning Presage* of God's Giving us up as a *People that hate to be Reformed*, and Over whom he might Repeat what was
formerly

formerly the Sentence of an Abandon'd People, *Jerem. vi. 29. The Bellows are Burnt, the Lead is Consumed in the Fire, the Founder Melteth in vain, for the Wicked are not plucked away, (i. e.) They had Defeated all Methods of Reformation and Recovery. And therefore, V. 30. Reprobate Silver shall Men count them, because the Lord hath Rejected them.*

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